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6 **IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
7 **FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA**  
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9 Jon M. Tallberg,

10 Plaintiff,

11 v.

12 Commissioner of Social Security  
13 Administration,

14 Defendant.

No. CV-24-00849-PHX-JJT (CDB)

**ORDER**

15 Before the Court is the Report and Recommendation (Doc. 19, “R&R”) submitted  
16 by United States Magistrate Judge Camille D. Bibles recommending the Court should  
17 affirm the Commissioner’s decision denying Plaintiff Jon M. Tallberg’s disability-based  
18 claims and dismiss his Complaint (Doc. 1) with prejudice. Plaintiff timely filed Objections  
19 (Doc. 20, “Obj.”) to the R&R, and Defendant filed a Response thereto (Doc. 21, “Resp”).

20 In his Objections, Plaintiff assigns three errors to Judge Bibles’s conclusions in her  
21 R&R. First, Plaintiff asserts that “substantial evidence does not support the ALJ’s decision  
22 to find [Plaintiff’s] headaches not severe.” (Obj. at 2.) Defendant’s Response directly  
23 answers this objection with specificity and record citations showing that Plaintiff  
24 frequently denied headaches and photophobia, that Botox treatments significantly  
25 improved the frequency and intensity of his headaches by 90 to 95 percent, and that  
26 different providers often described his headaches—as Defendant fairly characterized in his  
27 Response—as “not intractable.” (Resp. at 2.) All of this is to say, as Judge Bibles did, that  
28 the evidence is “susceptible to more than one interpretation, one of which supports the

1 ALJ's decision." (R&R at 51.) For that reason alone, the Court would uphold the ALJ's  
2 decision on this issue.<sup>1</sup>

3 Second, Plaintiff urges that the ALJ improperly evaluated and discounted Nurse  
4 Practitioner Rose's opinion. In his Objection, Plaintiff appears to acknowledge that  
5 pursuant to *Kitchen v. Kijikazi*, 82 F. 4<sup>th</sup> 732 (9th Cir. 2023), an ALJ may discount a medical  
6 opinion set forth on a check box form. Nonetheless, he argues that should not happen here  
7 because Ms. Rose provided other proper support for her opinion, to include mention and  
8 reference to migraine history with "failure of treatment" and "xrays, ankylosing spondylitis  
9 of spine, SI joint concerns." (Tr. 1248, 1258.) The question, then, is whether the other  
10 information Ms. Rose communicated in her report form was adequate to take her opinion  
11 outside the ambit of *Kitchen*. *Kitchen* approves of the discounting of a medical opinion "set  
12 forth in a checkbox form *with little to no explanation*." 82 F. 4<sup>th</sup> at 741 (emphasis supplied).  
13 Thus, the critical question here is whether Ms. Rose's addition of verbiage indicating  
14 simply "migraine history with failure of treatment" and "xrays, ankylosing spondylitis of  
15 spine, SI joint concerns" is "little to no explanation" or not. The Court concludes, as did  
16 Judge Bibles, that it is not sufficient explanation to compel the ALJ to credit Ms. Rose's  
17 opinion. The Court also finds, for the reasons set forth in both the R&R and the Response,  
18 that Ms. Lacey's assessment does not support Ms. Rose's opinion because it was scoped  
19 not to address Plaintiff's limitations based on his headache symptoms.

20 Finally, Plaintiff objects to Judge Bibles's recommendation that the Court affirm  
21 the ALJ's evaluation and discrediting of Plaintiff's testimony regarding symptoms. The  
22 Court agrees with Judge Bibles that the several record indications that Plaintiff's symptoms  
23 significantly improved with treatment, as well as Plaintiff's inconsistent reporting of  
24 symptoms, stand to contradict his allegations in the administrative proceeding. This would  
25 include the multiple record instances that Plaintiff himself reported as much as 90 to 95

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27 <sup>1</sup> As Defendant noted in his Response, even if the ALJ did err here, such error would  
28 have been harmless as he found in Plaintiff's favor at Step Two by concluding Plaintiff had  
several severe impairments; moreover the ALJ considered all impairments, including non-  
severe impairments like Plaintiff's migraine headaches, while evaluating Plaintiff's RFC  
at Step Four.

1 percent improvement in his migraine symptoms with treatment, as opposed to return of  
2 symptoms when treatment was delayed or missed, and those record reports from Plaintiff  
3 denying headache or photophobia. Substantial evidence thus existed from which the ALJ  
4 could reasonably have concluded Plaintiff's symptom testimony was effectively  
5 contradicted by other record evidence.

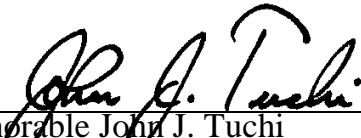
6 For all of the above reasons,

7 **IT IS ORDERED** overruling Plaintiff's Objections (Doc. 20).

8 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** adopting in whole the 61-page R&R in this matter  
9 (Doc. 19).

10 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** affirming the ALJ's decision as adopted by  
11 Defendant Commissioner of Social Security Administration Leland Dudek, and dismissing  
12 with prejudice the Complaint (Doc. 1) in this matter. The Clerk of Court shall enter  
13 judgment accordingly and terminate this case.

14 Dated this 10th day of June, 2025.

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17 Honorable John J. Tuchi  
18 United States District Judge  
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